

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations
Date of Issue: 09/02/2020

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier Product Form: Substance

Product Name: Coal Tar Pitch Solid **Chemical Name:** Pitch, coal tar

CAS-No.: 65996-92-1

Synonyms: Binder pitch, binder pitch blend, impregnation pitch, impregnation pitch blend, 23 soft pitch, 925 pitch, 425 pitch,

80 pitch, 15 vac pitch, electrode binder

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Waterproofing; roofing; specialty carbon products

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Lone Star Specialty Products, LLC 6412 U.S. Highway 259 South Lone Star, TX 75668 USA Phone #: 903-656-2536 Fax #: 903-656-2151

www.lonestarspecialties.net

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

 Skin Irrit. 2
 H315

 Skin Sens. 1
 H317

 Muta. 1B
 H340

 Carc. 1B
 H350

 Repr. 2
 H361

 Aquatic Acute 1
 H400

 Aquatic Chronic 1
 H410

Comb. Dust

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)







Signal Word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H340 - May cause genetic defects.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust, vapors.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

09/02/2020 EN (English US) 1/10

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 - Collect spillage. P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national,

and international regulations.

Supplemental Information

: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Prevent dust accumulation (to minimize explosion hazard). Avoid generating dust.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Name : Coal Tar Pitch Solid CAS-No. : 65996-92-1

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%	GHS US classification
Distillates, coal tar	Coal tar distillate / Coal tar distillates / Coal tar distillates, flammable / Distillates (coal tar) / Distillates coal tar / Distillates (coal tar) - heavy anthracene oil / Distillates, coal tar (The distillate from coal tar having an approximate distillation range of 100-450°C. Composed primarily of two to four membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons, phenolic compounds, and aromatic nitrogen bases.) / Distillates (coal tar); Heavy Anthracene Oil [The distillate from coal tar having an approximate distil lationrange of 100°C to 450°C (212°F to 842°F). Composed primarily of two to four membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons, phenolic compounds, and aromatic nitrogen bases.]	(CAS-No.) 65996-92-1	100	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Comb. Dust

Coal tar pitch is a UVCB substance that may contain the following substances in appreciable amounts:

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%	GHS US classification
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Aromatic hydrocarbons, polycyclic / PAHs / PAH / HAP / Hydrocarbons, aromatic, polycyclic / Poly(2+)cyclic aromatics hydrocarbons / Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons / Aromatic polycyclic hydrocarbons / Polycyclic-aromatic hydrocarbons	(CAS-No.) 130498-29-2	4 - 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H335
Phenanthrene		(CAS-No.) 85-01-8	1 - 4.5	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Comb. Dust

09/02/2020 EN (English US) 2/10

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Anthracene	Paranaphthalene / Green oil	(CAS-No.) 120-12-7	0.5 - 1.5	Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Comb. Dust
Naphthalene	Naphthalene, molten / Naphthalene, crude / Naphthalenes / Moth balls	(CAS-No.) 91-20-3	<= 0.4	Flam. Sol. 2, H228 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Comb. Dust

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: Using proper respiratory protection, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Encourage exposed person to cough, spit out, and blow nose to remove dust. Immediately call a poison center, physician, or emergency medical service.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Obtain medical attention if irritation/rash develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Skin sensitization. Causes skin irritation. May cause genetic defects. Contact with hot liquid may cause thermal burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Dust may be harmful or cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause genetic defects.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO₂), alcohol-resistant foam, or dry chemical. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Combustible Dust. May release flammable vapors.

Explosion Hazard: Dust explosion hazard in air.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. **Firefighting Instructions:** Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Hazardous Combustion Products:** Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Nitrogen oxides. Sulfur dioxide. Polycyclic-aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH).

09/02/2020 EN (English US) 3/10

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Risk of dust explosion.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust, vapors. Avoid generating dust. Remove ignition sources. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Use explosion proof vacuum during cleanup, with appropriate filter. Do not mix with other materials. Vacuum clean-up is preferred. If sweeping is required use a dust suppressant. Use only non-sparking tools.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Tank headspaces should always be regarded as potentially flammable and care should be taken to avoid static electrical discharge and all ignition sources during filling, discharging and sampling from storage tanks. Accumulation and dispersion of dust with an ignition source can cause a combustible dust explosion. Keep dust levels to a minimum and follow applicable regulations.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do NOT breathe (dust, vapor). Avoid creating or spreading dust. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Avoid creating or spreading dust. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizers.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Waterproofing; roofing; specialty carbon products

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Phenanthren	e (85-01-8)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (Coal tar pitch volatiles)
Anthracene (120-12-7)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (Coal tar pitch volatiles)
Naphthalene	(91-20-3)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route, Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

09/02/2020 EN (English US) 4/10

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	Parameter: 1-Naphthol with hydrolysis plus 2-Naphthol with
00/1/100	Biological Exposure maloes (BEI)	hydrolysis - Sampling time: end of shift (nonquantitative,
		nonspecific)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	75 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	15 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	250 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm
Polycyclic ard	omatic hydrocarbons (130498-29-2)	
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	2.5 μg/l Parameter: 1-Hydroxypyrene with hydrolysis - Medium:
		urine - Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek
		(background)
		Parameter: 3-Hydroxybenzo(a)pyrene with hydrolysis - Medium:
		urine - Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek
		(nonquantitative)

8.2. Exposure Controls Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation or other suppression methods to maintain dust levels below exposure limits. Power equipment should be equipped with proper dust collection devices. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released.

Personal Protective Equipment

Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials for Protective Clothing

Hand Protection

Eye and Face Protection Skin and Body Protection

Respiratory Protection

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

: Wear protective gloves.

: Chemical safety goggles.

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Thermal Hazard Protection

Other Information

: When working with hot material, use suitable thermally protective clothing.

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Solid

Appearance : black solid, becomes black liquid

Odor : slight aromatic odor, strong tarry odor upon melting

Odor Threshold: No data availablepH: No data availableEvaporation Rate: No data availableMelting Point: No data available

09/02/2020 EN (English US) 5/10

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Freezing Point: No data availableBoiling Point: > 250 °C (482 °F) initalFlash Point: > 500 °F (260 °C) TCCAuto-ignition Temperature: > 750 °F (398.89 °C)Decomposition Temperature: No data availableFlammability (solid, gas): No data available

Vapor Pressure : < 1 mm Hg @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C : > 1 (air = 1)
Relative Density : No data available

Specific Gravity : 1.3 +/- 0.04 @ 15.5 °C (59.9 °F)

Density : > 10 lb/gal

Solubility : Water: insoluble to slightly soluble

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: No data availableViscosity: No data available

Molecular Formula : a complex hydrocarbon mixture which includes polynuclear aromatic

hydrocarbons (PAH's)

Softening Point : 60 °C to 140 °C (140 - 284 °F), depending on the specific product

9.2. Other Information No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials. Sparks, heat, open flame and other sources of ignition. Dust accumulation (to minimize explosion hazard).

10.5. Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: None expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

Phenanthrene (85-01-8)	
ATE (Oral)	500.00 mg/kg body weight
Anthracene (120-12-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 16 g/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 1320 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal)	1,100.00 mg/kg body weight
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LD50 Oral Rat	533 - 710 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 340 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 1 h)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation. **Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:** Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer.

- , ,	
Phenanthrene (85-01-8)	
IARC group	3
Anthracene (120-12-7)	
IARC group	3
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
IARC group	2B
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

09/02/2020 EN (English US) 6/10

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Reproductive Toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Dust may be harmful or cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness,

and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes. Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause genetic defects.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Phenanthrene (85-01-8)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.35 mg/l
NOEC Chronic Fish	0.004 mg/l
Anthracene (120-12-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	0 - 0.00318 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.081 - 0.112 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	0.00278 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LC50 Fish 1	5.74 - 6.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	2.16 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	1.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 2	1.96 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Flow through])

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Coal Tar Pitch Solid (65996-92-1)	
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Coal Tar Pitch Solid (65996-92-1)		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
Phenanthrene (85-01-8)		
Log Pow	4.5	
Anthracene (120-12-7)		
BCF Fish 1	903 - 2820	
Log Pow	4.54	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
BCF Fish 1	30 - 430	
Log Pow	3.6	

12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

09/02/2020 EN (English US) 7/10

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, SOLID, N.O.S. (COAL TAR PITCH)

Hazard Class : 9

Identification Number : UN3077

Label Codes : 9
Packing Group : III

Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant

ERG Number : 171 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (COAL TAR PITCH)

Hazard Class : 9

Identification Number: UN3077Packing Group: IIILabel Codes: 9EmS-No. (Fire): F-AEmS-No. (Spillage): S-F

is F-A

age) : S-F

int : Marine pollutant

Marine Pollutant : Marine

14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (COAL TAR PITCH)

Packing Group : III

Identification Number: UN3077Hazard Class: 9Label Codes: 9

ERG Code (IATA) : 9L



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Coal Tar Pitch Solid (65996-92-1)		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Carcinogenicity	
	Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity	
	Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization	
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation	
	Health hazard - Germ cell mutagenicity	
	Physical hazard - Combustible dust	
Phenanthrene (85-01-8)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA	Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1 %		
Anthracene (120-12-7)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA	Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1%	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	100 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 0.1 %		
Distillates, coal tar (65996-92-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		

15.2. US State Regulations

Phenanthrene (85-01-8)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	

09/02/2020 EN (English US) 8/10

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Anthracene (120-12-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Naphthalene (91-20-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (130498-29-2)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to Naphthalene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental Toxicity	Female Reproductive Toxicity	Male Reproductive Toxicity
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	Χ			

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision

: 09/02/2020

Other Information

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR

1910.1200

GHS Full Text Phrases:

un reactimuses.		
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4	
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1	
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B	
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2	
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust	
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A	
Flam. Sol. 2	Flammable solids Category 2	
Muta. 1B	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B	
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2	
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	
H228	Flammable solid	
H302	Harmful if swallowed	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation	
H340	May cause genetic defects	

09/02/2020 EN (English US) 9/10

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)

09/02/2020 EN (English US) 10/10